



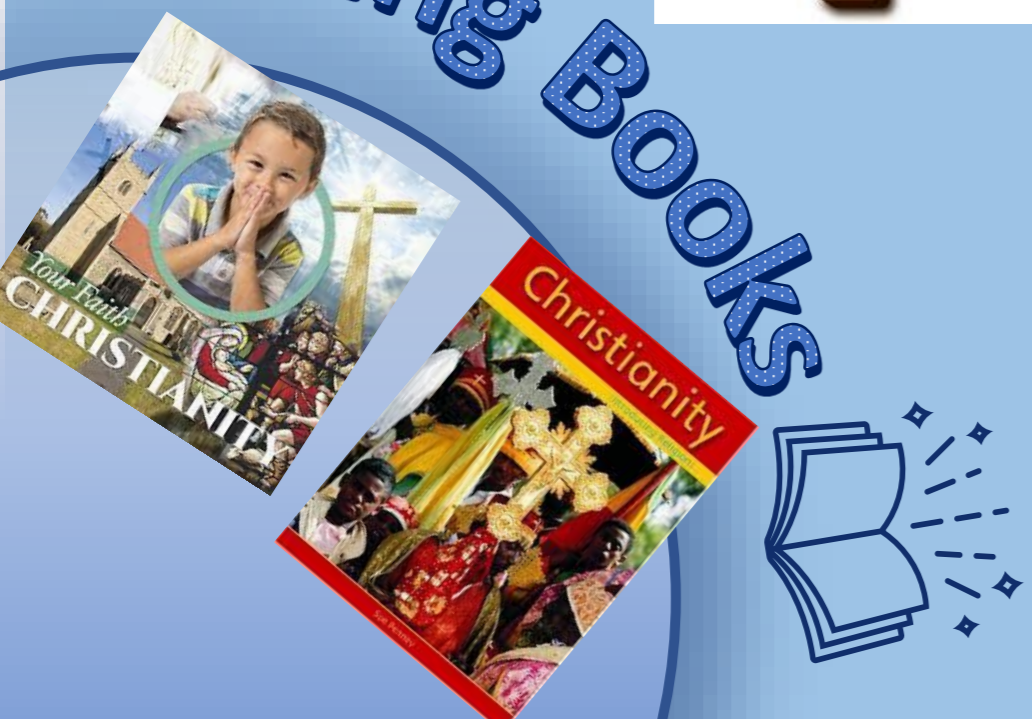
RE

Year 5 (Autumn 1) Christianity

How do people decide what to believe?



Exciting Books



Concepts

Climate, Legacy, Equality, Sustainability, Identity

Aspirational People



Professor Brian Cox is a humanist, English physicist, presenter and musician. He is from Manchester and was inspired to become a physicist when he read the book Cosmos aged 12.



- A source of authority can help Christians and non- believers by providing them with knowledge, wisdom and guidance.
- Christians believe in one God in Trinity-Father, Son and Holy Spirit.
- God the Father created the world; the Son is God in his human form as Jesus and the Holy Spirit is the power of God in a Christians daily life.
- Apostle's Creed is a summary of Christian beliefs.
- Christians from different denominations can come together and worship at Taize.
- Taize is a Christian pilgrimage sites that involves visiting a monastery.

Denominations

Different groups with similar beliefs.

Ecumenical

Trinity

A group of three things or people.

Creed

A set of beliefs that influence how you live.

Apostle

A messenger sharing their knowledge.

Pilgrimage

A religious jourey.

Worship

Show your respect to God.

Sticky Knowledge

Subject Specific Vocabulary



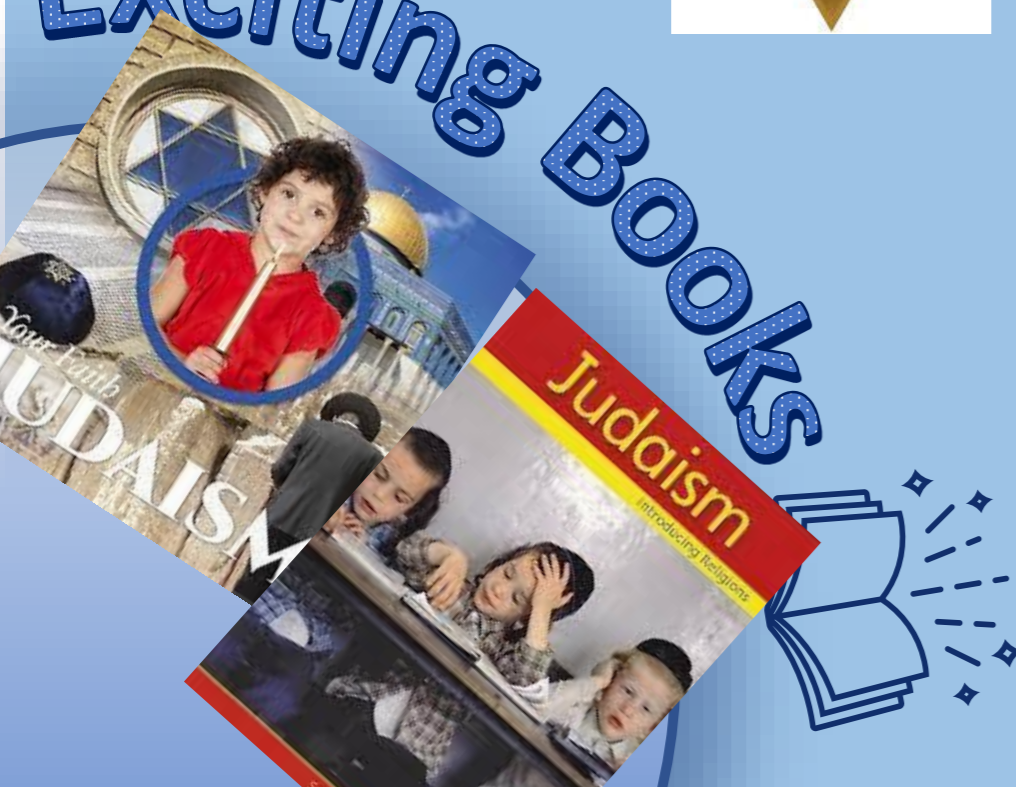
RE

Year 5 (Summer 2) Judaism

(Do people need laws to guide them?)



Exciting Books



Concepts

Climate, Legacy, Equality,
Sustainability, Identity

- The Torah is the Jewish scroll containing 613 commandments.
- Most Jews believe the ten commandments were given to Moses by God at the top of Mount Sinai.
- Moses freed the Jewish people from slavery in Egypt.
- A rabbi is a religious leader who teaches people about Judaism.
- The Torah should not be touched and is read using yad (special pointing stick).
- Orthodox, secular and reform are some of the denominations in Judaism.
- When a Torah is used and old it is buried with dignity.

Sticky Knowledge

Aspirational People



Rabbi Jonathan Sacks (10 April 1829 – 20 August 1912) was a member of parliament. He encouraged people from different religions to talk to each other and respect each other's differences.



Torah
Jewish holy scroll.

Secular Jew
Not connected with religion.

Reform Jew
Use modern ideas to make sense of their life.

Orthodox Jew
Follow the Torah as it is written down.

Agape
A selfless love of others.

Synagogue.
Jewish holy building and place of worship.

Ark
Cupboard in a synagogue where the Torah is kept.

Subject Specific Vocabulary



Concepts:

Culture Identity

Belonging Freedom

Democracy

Religious Education

Year 5

Islam – Why is the Qur’an important to Muslims?

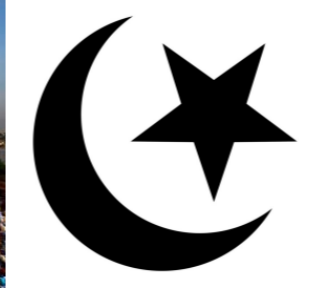


The Qur’an must be treated, at all times, with a great deal of respect.

When reading the Qur’an, a stand is commonly used to avoid unnecessary touching and to avoid it touching the floor.

There are some rules you must follow when reading a Qur’an:

- Wash before touching it
- Dress appropriately
- Always treat it with respect



Muslims celebrate by attending the mosque, praying and studying the Qur’an.

Malala Yousafzai and Mohamed Salah are devout Muslims.



Qur’an

- For Muslims, the Qur’an is the direct word of God as revealed to the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh)
- The Qur’an is written and read in Arabic

The Night of Power

- The Qur’an was revealed to Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) on the Night of Power
- It is believed to be the holiest night of the year.
- It is remembered on the 27th Day of Ramadan
- It is also known as the festival of Laylat al Qadr
- Muslims use the Qur’an as a source of guidance and authority it shows them what is right and guides them to become a good Muslim.

Revelation – A previously unknown fact that has been shared with others.

Messenger- A person who is chosen to carry a message

Prophet- A religious person regarded as a teacher of the way of God. .

Authority- the power or right to give orders and make decisions

Guidance- the act or function of guiding; leadership; direction.

Qur’an- This is the Holy Book for Islam

Devout- showing deep religious feeling or commitment

Sticky Knowledge

Subject Specific Vocabulary



Religious Education

Year 5

Christianity- What do we mean by a miracle?

Concepts:

Culture **Identity**

Belonging Freedom



- ❖ Jesus performed miracles, these are documented in the bible
- ❖ The miracles of Jesus support their belief that he is God incarnate – fully human and fully divine
- ❖ Christians believe that the story of Jesus feeding 5,000 people supports the fact that Jesus is the Lord that saves His Church
- ❖ A pilgrimage is a sacred journey, undertaken for a spiritual purpose. Pilgrims are different from tourists: they travel for spiritual reasons, not just to relax or for fun.
- ❖ Pilgrims are people who go on a journey to a sacred place for religious reasons.

Belief- an acceptance that something exists or is true, especially one without proof.

Miracle- an extraordinary and welcome event that is not explicable by natural or scientific laws

Paralysed- (of a person or part of the body) partly or wholly incapable of movement

Pilgrim- a person who journeys to a sacred place for religious reasons.

Pilgrimage- a pilgrim's journey.



Sticky Knowledge

Subject Specific Vocabulary