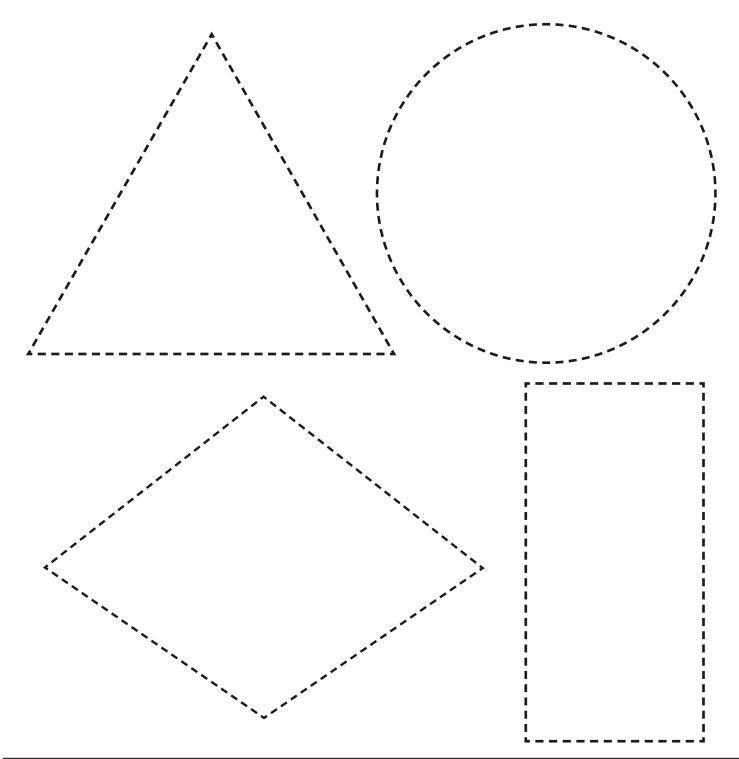


To recognise line symmetry in 2D shapes.

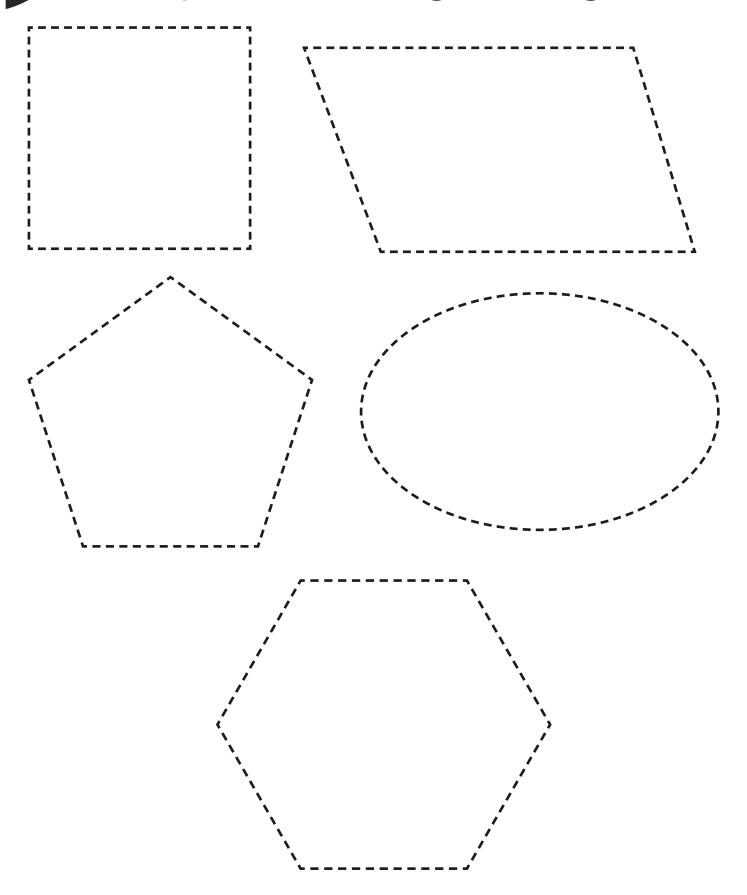
Name the shapes, cut them out and fold them in different ways to find out if they have line symmetry.















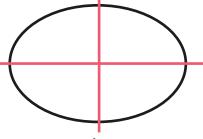




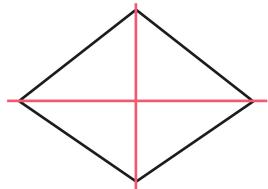




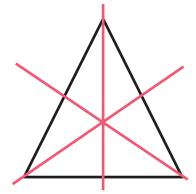
rectangle = 2



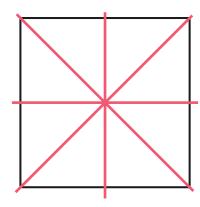
oval = 2



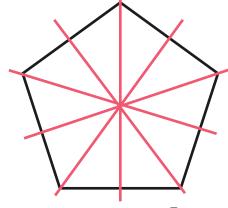
rhombus = 2



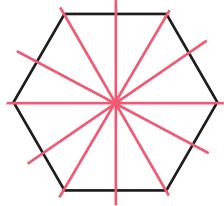
equilateral triangle = 3



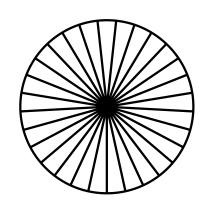
square = 4



pentagon = 5



hexagon = 6

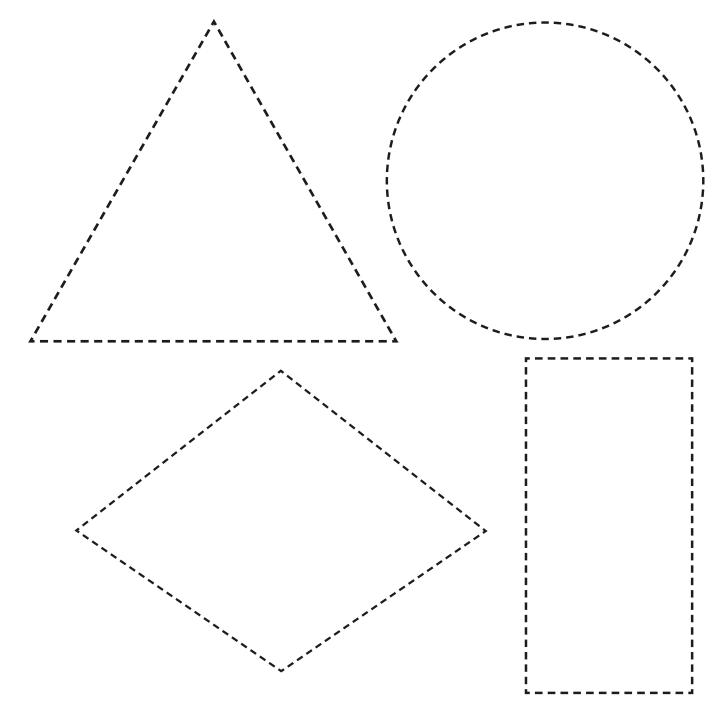


circle = infinite line symmetry



To recognise line symmetry in 2D shapes.

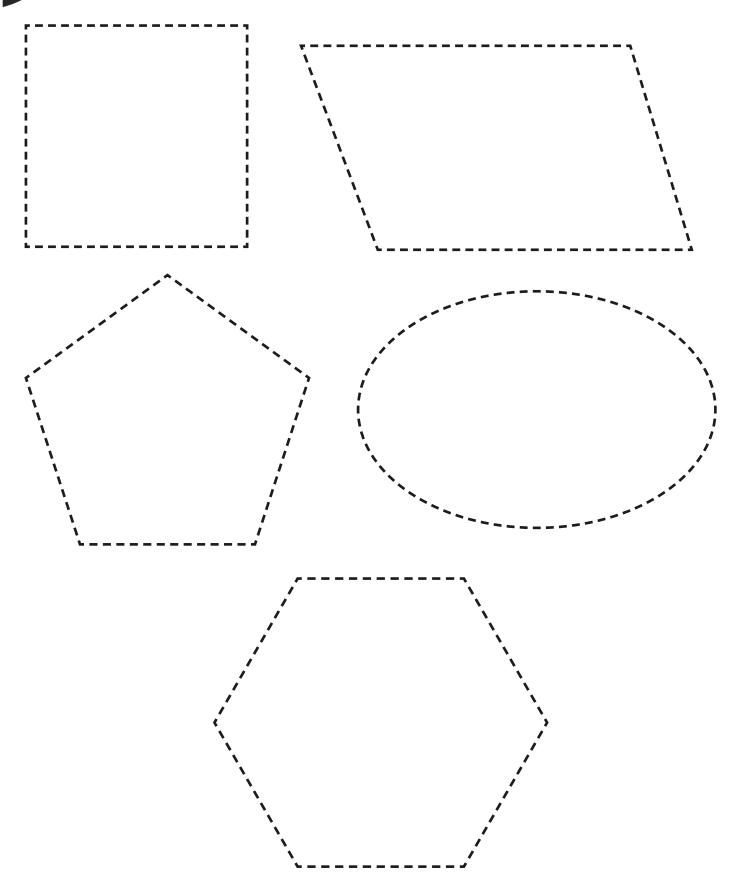
Name the shapes, cut them out and fold them in different ways to find out if they have line symmetry. Order your shapes from the least to the most lines of symmetry.







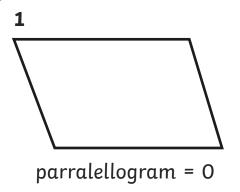


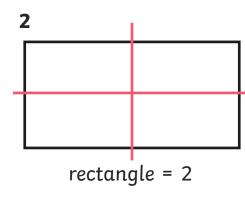


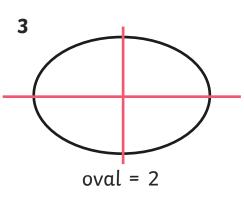


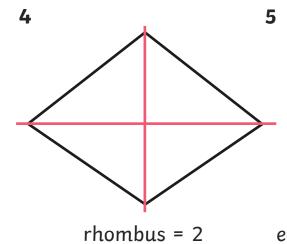


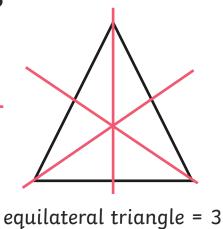


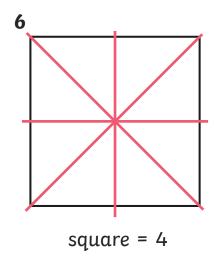


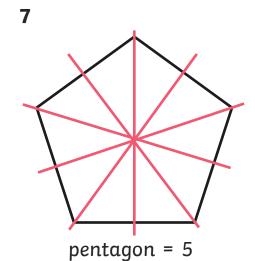


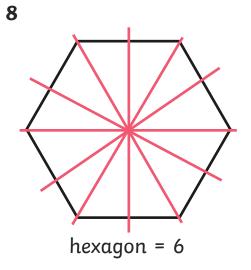


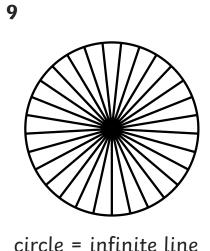










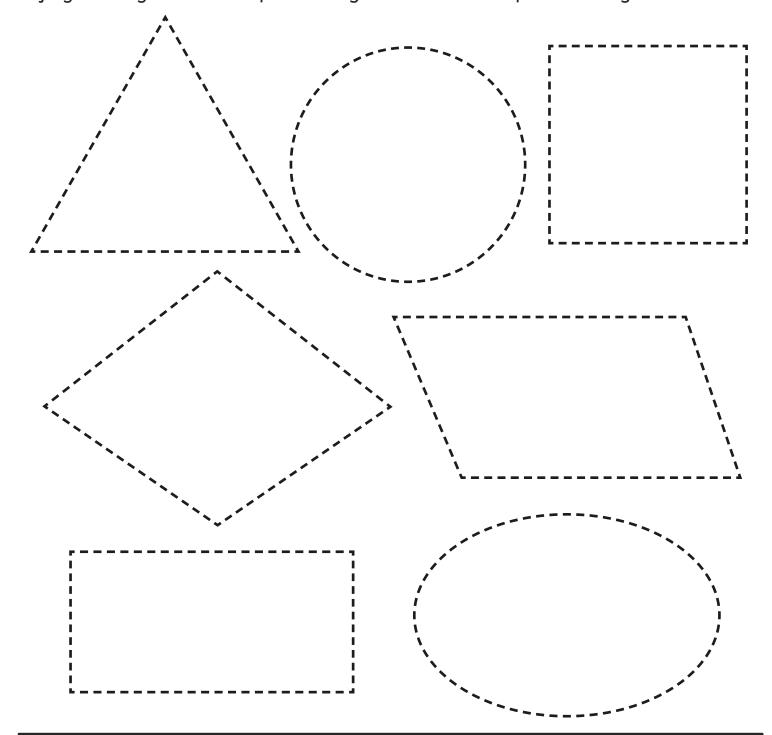


circle = infinite line symmetry



To recognise line symmetry in 2D shapes.

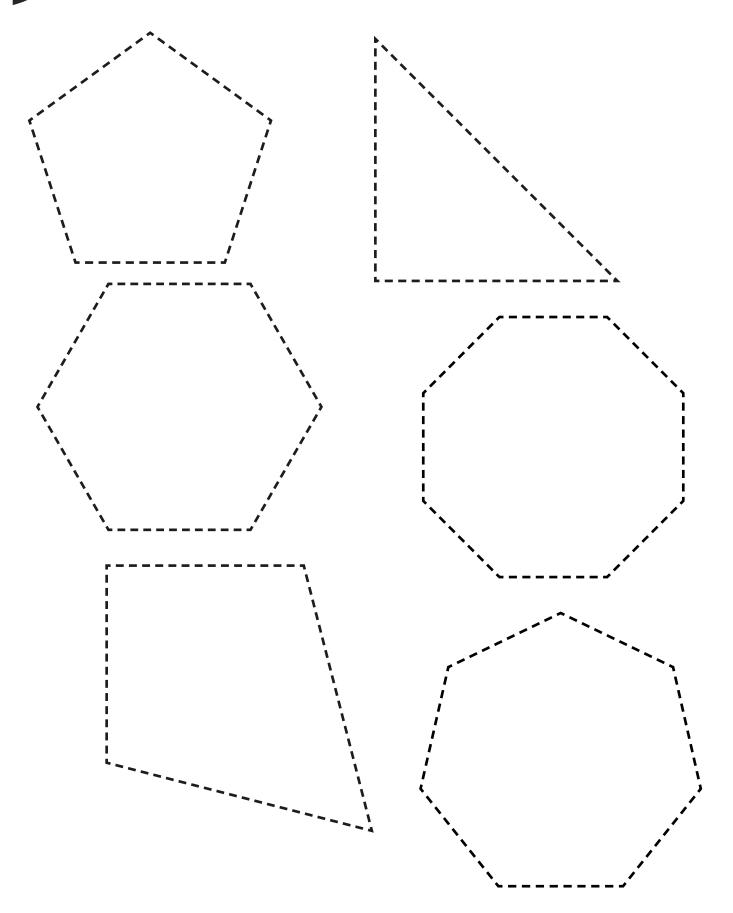
Name the shapes, cut them out and fold them in different ways to find out if they have line symmetry. Order your shapes from the least to the most lines of symmetry. Which shapes are regular? Which shapes are irregular?







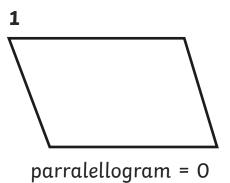












irregular

2

3

right angled triangle = 1 irregular

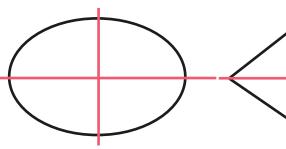
kite = 1

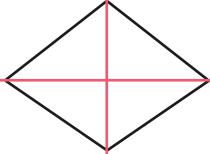
irregular

5

8

6





rectangle = 2
irregular

oval = 2

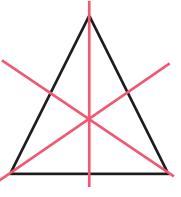
rhombus = 2

irregular

irregular

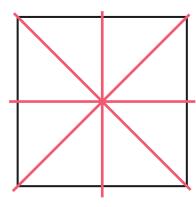
7

4



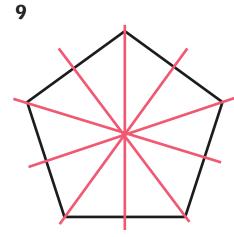
equilateral triangle = 3

regular



square = 4

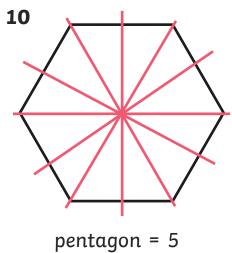
regular



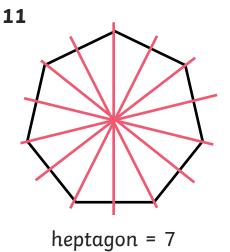
pentagon = 5

regular

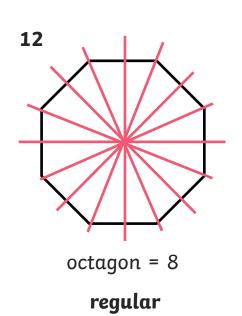


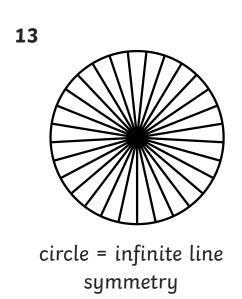


regular



regular





regular